



# AI & Research Advances in Indian Healthcare

## 1. AI System for Chest X-Ray Interpretation

- Indian researchers have developed an autonomous AI model capable of detecting and classifying 75 chest X-ray pathologies with high precision.
  - Unlike conventional radiology AI, the system was trained on multi-site datasets across diverse healthcare settings in India to ensure accuracy for varied populations.
  - Potential impact:
    - Assists radiologists in faster, more reliable reporting.
    - Enables primary health centres and tier-2/3 hospitals with limited radiology expertise to access high-quality diagnostics.
    - Could reduce delays in detecting tuberculosis, pneumonia, lung cancer, and heart disease.
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## 2. AI in Nuclear Medicine & Cancer Care

- A review by Indian oncologists highlights how AI agents are being adapted in nuclear medicine for cancer diagnosis and therapy planning.
- Use cases include:
  - Automated PET/CT scan image interpretation.
  - Personalised radiation therapy dosing.

- Predictive modelling of treatment outcomes.
  - The approach is particularly valuable for India, where there is a shortage of trained nuclear medicine specialists.
  - Researchers note that integrating AI could help democratise cancer care by improving access in resource-constrained regions.
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### 3. Evaluation of Electronic Health Records (EHR)

- A recent study assessed open-source EHR platforms against India's EHR Metadata & Data Standards (EHRMDS).
  - Findings:
    - OpenEMR scored the highest compatibility (73.8%).
    - Other systems lagged in compliance with interoperability and data exchange requirements.
  - Importance:
    - Aligning EHRs with national standards is crucial for the Ayushman Bharat Digital Mission (ABDM).
    - Ensures better continuity of care, patient data portability, and research integration.
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#### **4. Broader Implications for Indian Healthcare**

- **Bridging Gaps:** AI can reduce dependence on scarce specialists, especially in radiology, oncology, and pathology.
- **Scaling Public Health:** With integration into government programmes, AI tools can support mass screening (TB, cancer, maternal health).
- **Data-Driven Medicine:** Improved EHR compliance will allow more reliable population health analytics and precision medicine research.
- **Challenges Ahead:** Ethical use, bias reduction, validation in rural/low-resource settings, and cybersecurity remain major hurdles.

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 **Takeaway:** India's healthcare ecosystem is rapidly adopting AI-driven diagnostic tools and digital health infrastructure, with strong potential to expand access, improve accuracy, and enable nationwide health data integration.